

Department of Defense HUMAN SYSTEMS OVERVIEW

Training Challenges and Technology Roadmap



Roadmaps Tuned to Strategic Guidance of January, 2012



President

- ... focus on ... Asia Pacific deepening partnerships
- ... military is agile, flexible, and ready for the full range of contingencies

DepSecDef

- Joint Force of the future that will be smaller and leaner, but will be <u>agile</u>, <u>flexible</u>, <u>ready</u>, and technologically advanced.
- ... led by the highest quality, <u>battle-tested professionals</u>

Primary Missions

- Counter Terrorism and Irregular Warfare
- Deter and Defeat Aggression
- Provide a Stabilizing Presence
- Conduct Stability and Counterinsurgency Operations
- Conduct Humanitarian, Disaster Relief, and Other Operations

Joint Force

- resist the temptation to sacrifice readiness
- Ilmited resources may better tuned to their requirements
- ... encourage <u>innovation in concepts of operation</u>



Summary – Human Systems



Big Ideas

- Enable Engineering and Assessment for Joint Mission Effectiveness
 - Baseline Effectiveness Using Realistic Mission Training Scenarios
 - Extend Mission Training Scenarios to Joint Missions
 - Provide Synthetic Environments for Collaboration with Industry, Others
- Natural interfaces to manage multiple scale multiple role systems
 - Develop common representation schemes for system/data interaction
 - Develop natural language and gestural system interaction
 - Develop operator state monitoring technology



Human Systems Training for Readiness



Problem: Complex Evolving Threats Outpace Readiness Training

- Warriors train for tomorrow's fight using yesterday's technology, methods, and strategies
- Current training scenarios not matched to evolving mission complexity and dynamics
- Warfighters are trained to doctrine -- fight strategically and dynamically to meet new threats
- Training is costly
 - Live systems deplete inventory, consume fuel, require maintenance & wear out
 - Ranges & role players are expensive lack fast responsiveness to changing scenarios
 - Training ranges not designed for flexible scenarios and throughput is inadequate









Training Technology End States



- Seamless Virtual/Constructive training C2 with tactical players 100 - Quantified human system performance with mission effectiveness metrics Mission Effectiveness (% Current) 10+ - Safe, live virtual constructive training **10** - Individual adaptive team training - Increased Complexity - Increased players 5 Timely and effective training reflecting dynamic operational insights/challenges - Personalized, adaptable, point of need training **10** - Integrated regional ally mission preparation Credible synthetic players: persistent, generative, robust Continuous, real time, high fidelity training with LVC multinational partnering – when and where needed 0 Years **Speed to Train for Full Mission Effectiveness** Hours



Human Systems Training Technical Challenges



Challenge 1: First Principles for Training Design

- Validated tools to optimize training outcomes across individuals and teams
- Characterizing and exploiting the "science of learning" and developing performance measures for effectiveness prediction
- Techniques to automatically capture operationally relevant measures of performance

Challenge 2: Realistic, Adaptive and Interactive Scenario Based Training

- Persistent integration of real world events and content into scenarios and syllabi
- Demonstrated and validated for the full range of warfighter capabilities reflecting recent lessons learned
- Training that adapts to warfighters' individual needs in near real-time

Challenge 3: Persistent, Affordable, Integrated Training

- Mission-focused training simulations that enhance individual and collective training
- Seamless, secure integration of training systems across services and coalition partners



Training Challenges



#1 – First Principles for Training Design

Gaps

- Estimated operational effectiveness via training scenarios
- Verification &
 Validation of advanced training models
- Measures and assessment of long term (life long) performance

#2 – Realistic, Adaptive, and Interactive Scenario Based Training

Gaps

- Automated, adaptive, and individualized tutors
- Automated knowledge elicitation to develop responsive instructional content
- "On the fly" assessment in dynamic environments

#3 – Persistent, Affordable, Integrated Training

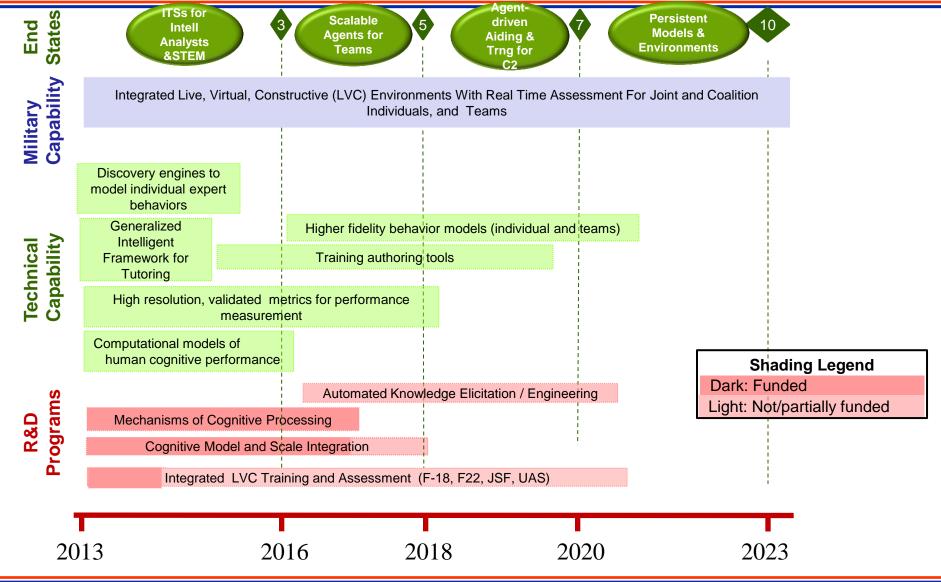
Gaps

- Training systems which adapt to individual needs
- Standardized data protocols for operation in multi-level classified environments
- Scalability across increasingly complex domains



Training Roadmap – First Principles for Training Design

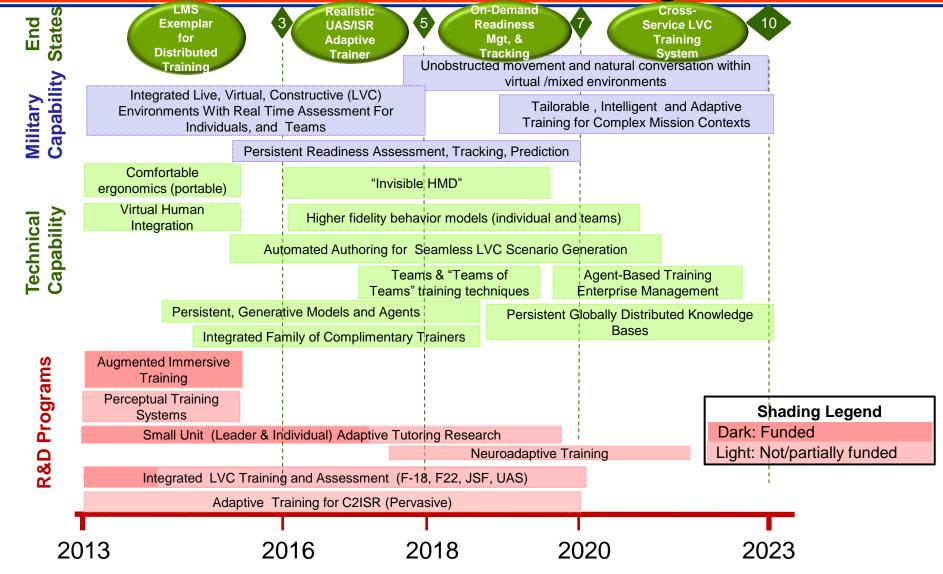






Training Roadmap – Realistic, Adaptive and Interactive Scenario Based Training

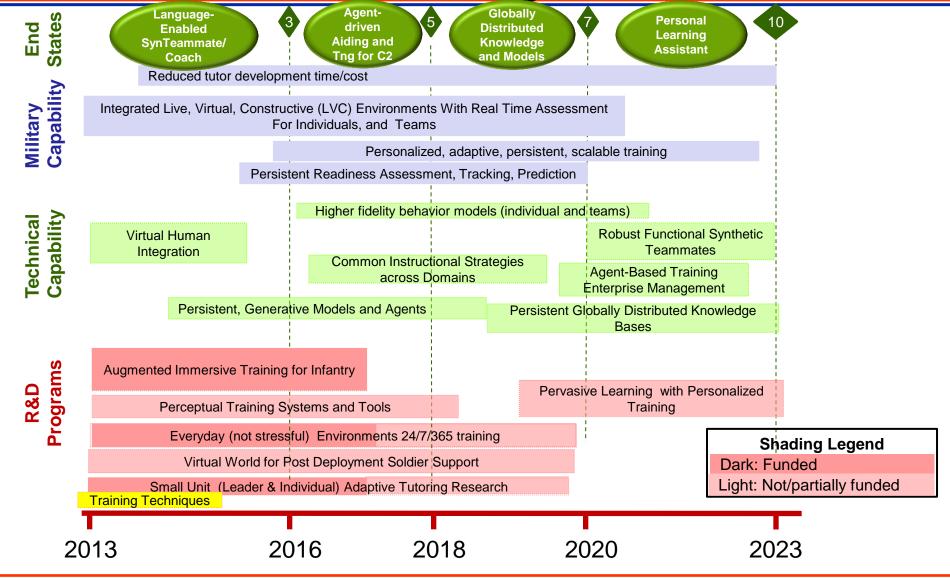






Training Roadmap – Persistent, Affordable, Integrated Training







Summary



- Engineering and Assessment for Joint Mission Effectiveness
- Natural interfaces to manage multiple scale multiple role systems









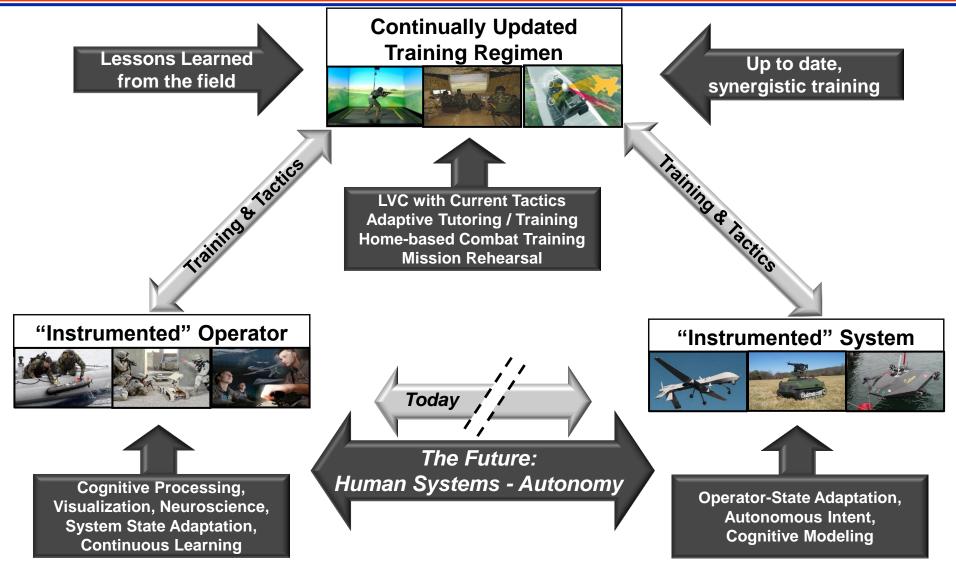
BACKUP





Interfaces and Training End States







Training Vision









Human Systems Training Measures of Success



Challenge 1: First Principles for Training Design

- At least one sigma performance improvement of trainees across domains / applications
- Automated measurement capability that produces meaningful feedback for individual and/or collective performance in live and virtual training exercises

Challenge 2: Realistic, Adaptive and Interactive Scenario Based Training

- Automatic players in training scenarios indistinguishable from live players ('Turing Test')
- Improved performance resulting from training that automatically adapts in near real time
- 25% reduction in time and cost to develop training scenarios

Challenge 3: Persistent, Affordable, Integrated Training

- Capability to deliver training to any internet-capable device
- Affordable, turnkey capability to link simulations across services for joint training exercises



Human Systems Measures of Success



Challenge 1: Human-Machine Teaming

- Number of UxVs controlled by single operator
- Number of warfighters and UxVs supported in roles
- Per cent of operator requests anticipated
- Latency for machine-generated alternative courses of action

Challenge 2: Intelligent, Adaptive Aiding

- Speed and accuracy of decisions X scope
- Transaction rate of relevant information
- Increased situation awareness

Challenge 3: Intuitive Interaction

- Accuracy of operator state assessment
- Effectiveness of natural language dialogue
- Ease of interaction, time to achieve full competency